



## Il potenziale della RLT in medicina

Numerose ricerche sono in corso per valutare l'eventuale impiego di radioligandi in alcune patologie, in ambito oncologico e non.

Ambiti in cui viene studiato l'utilizzo di radioligandi, come mezzi diagnostici o come farmaci.

PATOLOGIA	DESCRIZIONE
<b>Linfoma e Linfoma non-Hodgkin<sup>1,2</sup></b>	Neoplasia che ha origine nei linfociti, cellule del sistema immunitario situate nei linfonodi, nel midollo osseo e in altre sedi <sup>3</sup>
<b>Cancro al seno<sup>4,5</sup></b>	Neoplasia delle cellule della mammella, generalmente delle ghiandole lattifere o dei dotti <sup>4</sup>
<b>Melanoma<sup>6</sup></b>	Una tipologia di cancro della pelle che coinvolge cellule chiamate melanociti <sup>7</sup>
<b>Mieloma multiplo<sup>8</sup></b>	Cancro che si sviluppa nelle cellule plasmatiche del midollo osseo <sup>9</sup>
<b>Cancro ai polmoni e tumore neuroendocrino dei polmoni<sup>4</sup></b>	Cancro ai polmoni o delle vie respiratorie <sup>10</sup>
<b>Cancro al pancreas<sup>11</sup></b>	Tumore del pancreas (una ghiandola dell'apparato digerente) <sup>12</sup>
<b>Aterosclerosi<sup>13</sup></b>	Accumulo di grassi e altro materiale all'interno delle arterie che tipicamente si manifesta con cardiopatia ischemica, ictus ischemico e malattie delle arterie periferiche <sup>14</sup>

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